

## 1A Low Dropout Positive Regulator

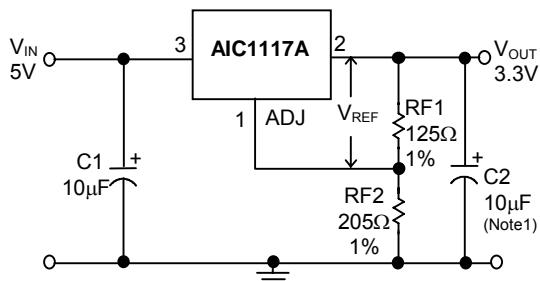
### ■ FEATURES

- Dropout Voltage 1.3V at 1A Output Current.
- Fast Transient Response.
- Line Regulation, typical at 0.015%.
- Load Regulation, typical at 0.1%
- Current Limiting and Thermal Protection.
- Adjustable Output Voltage or Fixed at 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.3V, and 5V.
- Standard 3-Pin Power Packages.

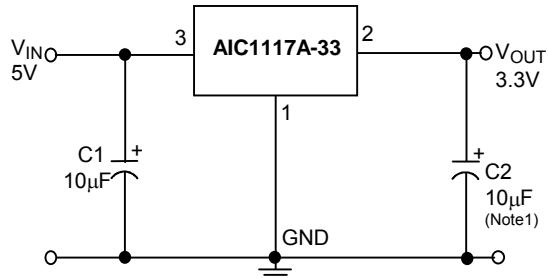
### ■ APPLICATIONS

- Active SCSI Terminators.
- Post Regulators for Switching Supplies.
- Battery Chargers.
- PC Add-On Card.

### ■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



**Adjustable Voltage Regulator**



**Fixed Voltage Regulator**

### ■ DESCRIPTION

The AIC1117A is a low dropout, three terminals regulator designed to provide output current up to 1A. The device is available in an adjustable version and fixed output voltage of 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.3V and 5V. Dropout voltage of maximum of 1.5V is guaranteed at 1A output current. The quality of low dropout voltage and fast transient response make this device ideal for low voltage microprocessor applications.

The AIC1117A requires output capacitance of a minimum of 10µF for stability. Built-in output current limiting and thermal limiting provide maximal protection to the AIC1117A against fault conditions.

$$V_{REF} = V_{OUT} - V_{ADJ} = 1.25V \text{ (typ.)}$$

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times (1 + RF_2/RF_1) + I_{ADJ} \times RF_2$$

$$I_{ADJ} = 55\mu A \text{ (typ.)}$$

(1) C1 needed if device is far away from filter capacitors.

(2) C2 required for stability.

## ■ ORDERING INFORMATION

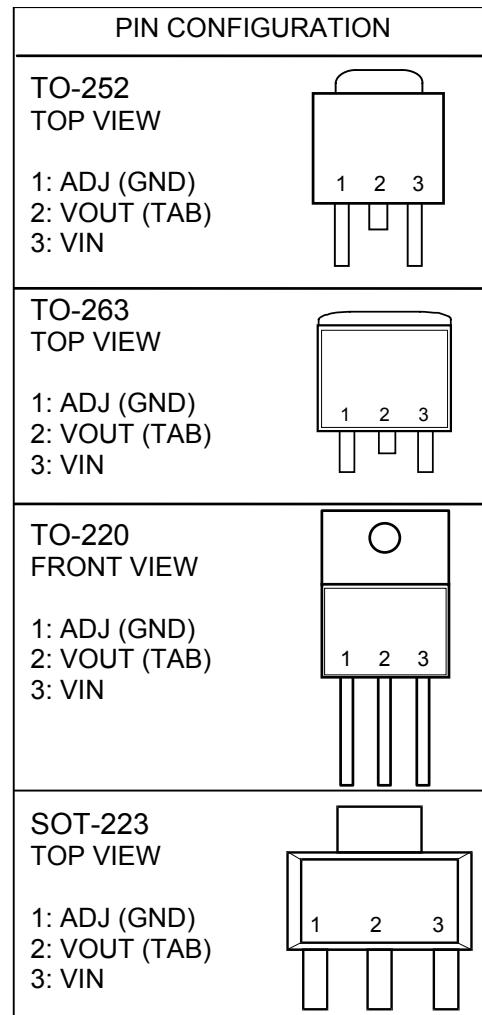
AIC1117A-XXXXXX

- PACKING TYPE
  - TR: TAPE & REEL
  - TB: TUBE
  - BG: BAG (for SOT-223)
- PACKAGING TYPE
  - E: TO-252
  - M: TO-263
  - T: TO-220
  - Y: SOT-223
- P: Lead Free Commercial  
G: Green Package
- OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
DEFAULT:ADJUSTABLE
  - 18: 1.8V
  - 25: 2.5V
  - 28: 2.85V
  - 33: 3.3V
  - 50: 5.0V

Example: AIC1117A-25GETR

→ 2.5V version in TO-252 Green  
Package & Taping & Reel  
Packing Type

AIC1117A-25PYTR

→ 2.5V version in SOT-223 Lead  
Free Package & Taping & Reel  
Packing Type


### ● SOT-223 Marking

Part No.	PY	GY
AIC1117A	BS17P	BS17G
AIC1117A-18	BS18P	BS18G
AIC1117A-25	BS25P	BS25G
AIC1117A-28	BS28P	BS28G
AIC1117A-33	BS33P	BS33G
AIC1117A-50	BS50P	BS50G

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

VIN pin to ADJ/GND pin	7V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	260°C
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	TO-220 3°C /W TO-263 3°C /W SOT-223 15°C /W TO-252 12.5°C /W
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	TO-220 50°C/W
(Assume no ambient airflow, no heatsink)	TO-263 60°C/W SOT-223 155°C/W TO-252 100°C/W

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

## ■ TEST CIRCUIT

Refer to TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT.

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $V_{IN}=5V$ ,  $T_A=25^\circ C$ ,  $I_O=10mA$ , unless otherwise specified) (Note2)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Reference Voltage	$T_J=25^\circ C$	1.238	1.25	1.262	V
	$0^\circ C \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ C$				
	$2.65V \leq V_{IN} \leq 7V$	1.225	1.25	1.275	
	$10mA \leq I_O \leq 1A$				
Output Voltage	AIC1117A-18, $V_{IN}=3.3V$	1.78	1.80	1.82	V
	AIC1117A-25, $V_{IN}=5V$	2.47	2.50	2.53	
	AIC1117A-28, $V_{IN}=5V$	2.82	2.85	2.88	
	AIC1117A-33, $V_{IN}=5V$	3.26	3.30	3.33	
	AIC1117A-50, $V_{IN}=7V$	4.95	5.00	5.05	
	AIC1117A $0^\circ C \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ C$ $2.65V \leq V_{IN} \leq 7V$ $10mA \leq I_O \leq 1A$	0.98V <sub>OUT</sub>	$V_{OUT}$	1.02V <sub>OUT</sub>	

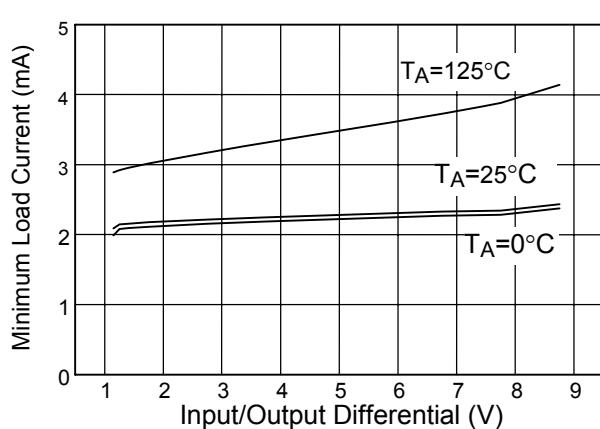
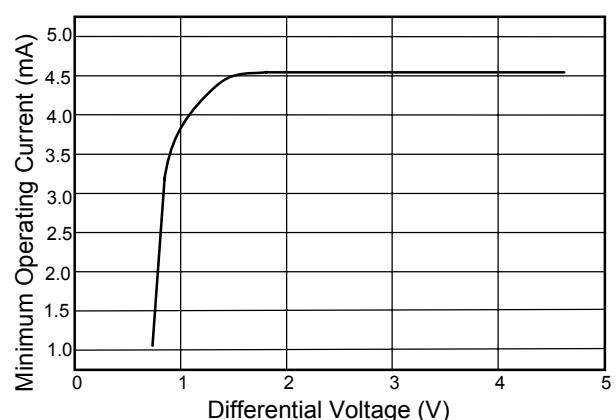
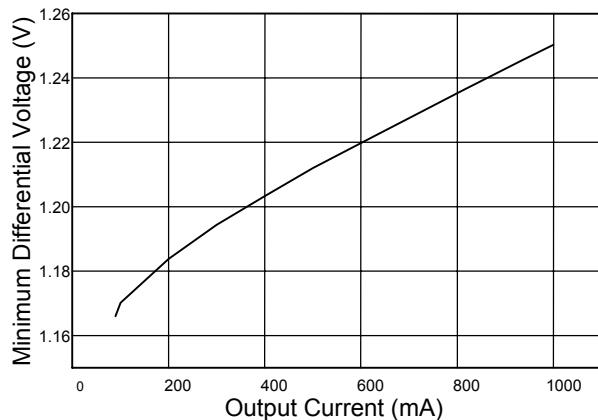
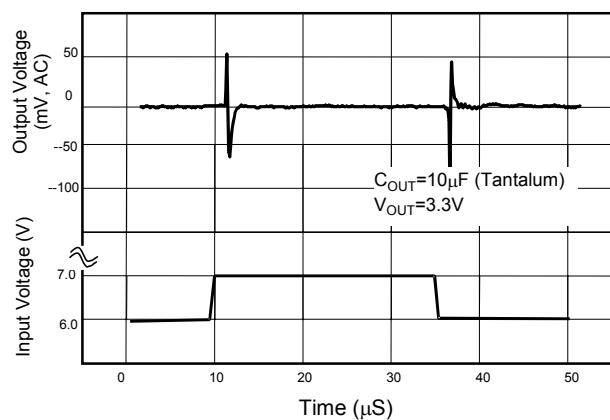
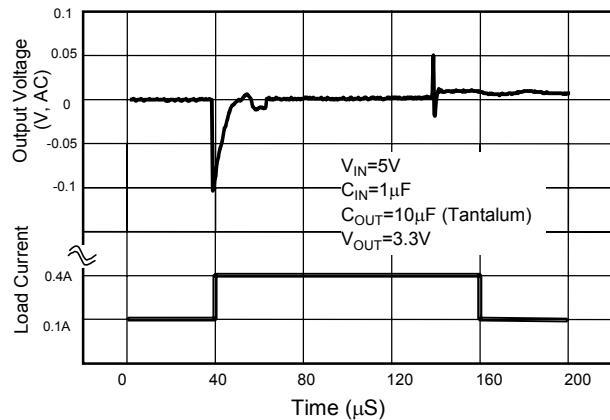
## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Line Regulation	2.65≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤7V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C		0.015	0.2	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
	0°C≤T <sub>J</sub> ≤125°C		0.035	0.2	
Load Regulation	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C, I <sub>O</sub> =10mA ~1A		0.1	0.3	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
	0°C≤T <sub>J</sub> ≤125°C		0.2	0.4	
Dropout Voltage	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> , ΔV <sub>REF</sub> =1%, I <sub>O</sub> =1A		1.3	1.5	V
Current Limit		1			A
Adjusted Pin Current (I <sub>ADJ</sub> )	2.65≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤7V 10mA≤I <sub>O</sub> ≤1A		55	120	μA
Adjusted Pin Current Change (ΔI <sub>ADJ</sub> )	2.65≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤7V 10mA≤I <sub>O</sub> ≤1A		0.2	5	μA
Temperature Stability	I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A 0°C≤T <sub>J</sub> ≤125°C		0.5		% V <sub>OUT</sub>
Minimum Load Current ( Adj. )			5	10	mA
Quiescent Current ( Fixed Version)			10	14	mA
RMS Output Noise (% of V <sub>OUT</sub> )	10Hz ≤ f ≤ 10KHz		0.003		%V <sub>OUT</sub>
Ripple Rejection Ratio	120Hz input ripple C <sub>OUT</sub> =25μF	60	72		dB

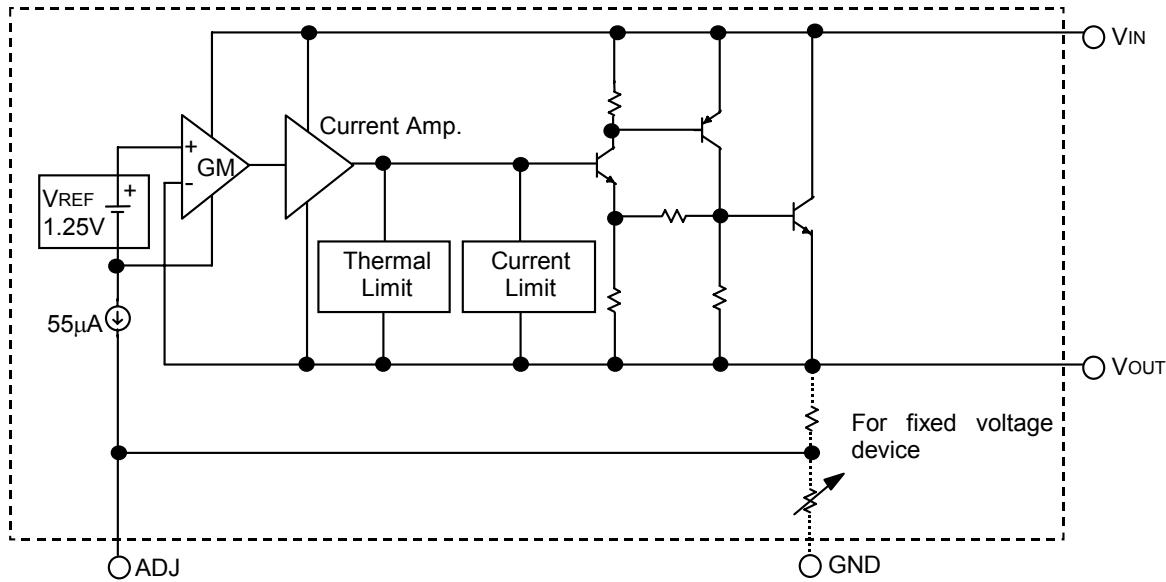
**Note 1:** To avoid output oscillation, aluminum electrolytic output capacitor is recommended and ceramic capacitor is not suggested.

**Note 2:** Specifications are production tested at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC).

## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



## ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



## ■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS

- ADJ PIN - Providing  $V_{REF}=1.25V$  (typ.) for adjustable  $V_{OUT}$ .  $V_{REF}=V_{OUT}-V_{ADJ}$  and  $I_{ADJ}=55\mu A$  (typ.) (GND PIN- Power ground.)
- VOUT PIN - Adjustable output voltage.
- VIN PIN - Power Input.

## ■ APPLICATION INFORMATION

### INPUT-OUTPUT CAPACITORS

Linear regulators require input and output capacitors to maintain stability. Input capacitor at  $10\mu F$  with a  $10\mu F$  aluminum electrolytic output capacitor is recommended.

### POWER DISSIPATION

The AIC1117A obtains thermal-limiting circuitry, which is designed to protect the device against overload condition. For continuous load condition, maximum rating of junction temperature must not be exceeded. It is important to pay more attention in thermal resistance. It includes junction to case, junction to ambient. The maximum power dissipation of AIC1117A depends on the thermal resistance of its case and circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and ambient air, and the rate of airflow. The rate of temperature rise is greatly affected by the

mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature. When the IC mounting with good thermal conductivity is used, the junction temperature will be low even when large power dissipation applies.

The power dissipation across the device is

$$P = I_{OUT} (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$$

The maximum power dissipation is:

$$P_{MAX} = \frac{(T_{J,max} - T_A)}{R\theta_{JA}}$$

Where  $T_{J,max}$  is the maximum allowable junction temperature ( $125^{\circ}C$ ), and  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature suitable in application.

As a general rule, the lower temperature is, the better reliability of the device is. So the PCB mounting pad should provide maximum thermal conductivity to maintain low device temperature.

## ■ APPLICATION EXAMPLES

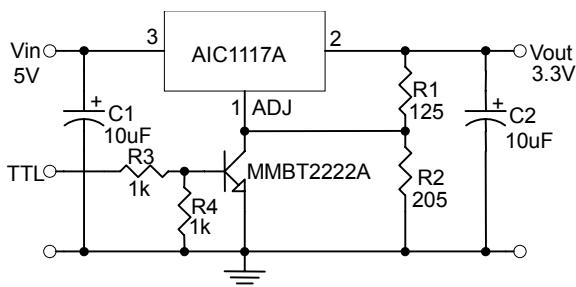


Fig. 6  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$  with Shutdown

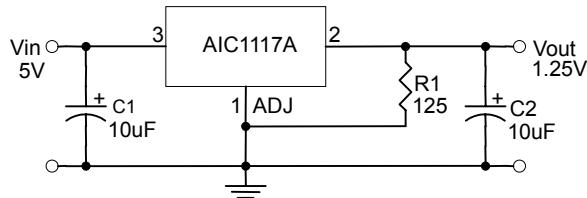
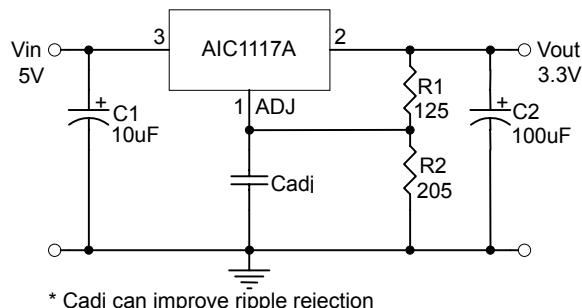


Fig. 8  $V_{OUT}=1.25V$  Application Circuit



\*  $C_{adj}$  can improve ripple rejection

Fig. 7 Improving Ripple Rejection

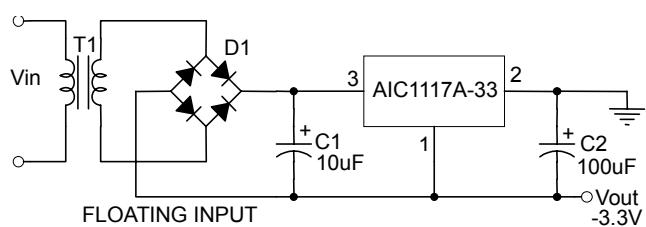
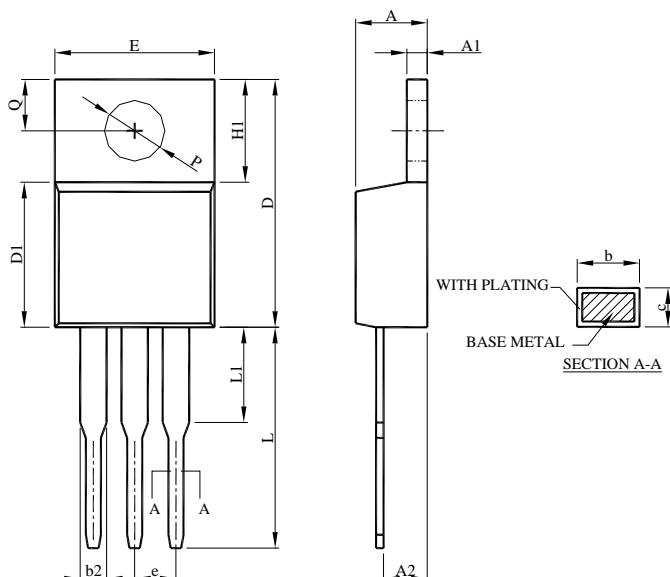


Fig. 9 Low Dropout Negative Supply

## ■ PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (unit: mm)

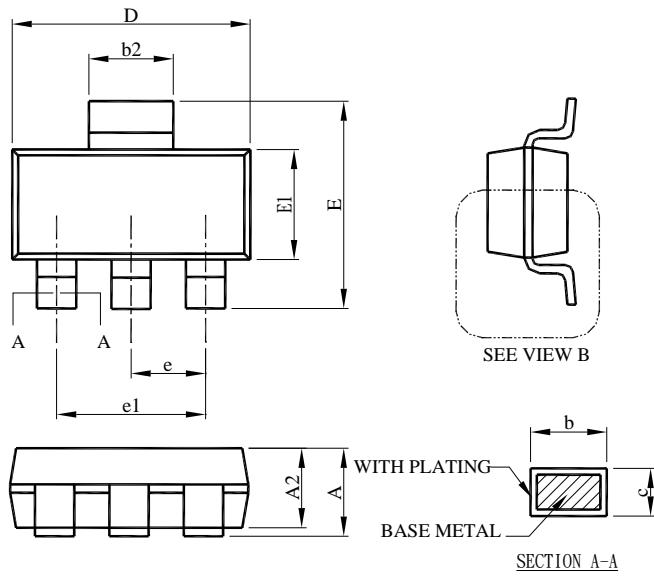
- TO-220



S Y M B O L	TO-220	
	MILLIMETERS	
A	MIN. 3.56	MAX. 4.82
A1	0.51	1.39
A2	2.04	2.92
b	0.38	1.01
b2	1.15	1.77
c	0.35	0.61
D	14.23	16.51
D1	8.38	9.02
E	9.66	10.66
e	2.54 BSC	
H1	5.85	6.85
L	12.70	14.73
L1	--	6.35
P	3.54	4.08
Q	2.54	3.42

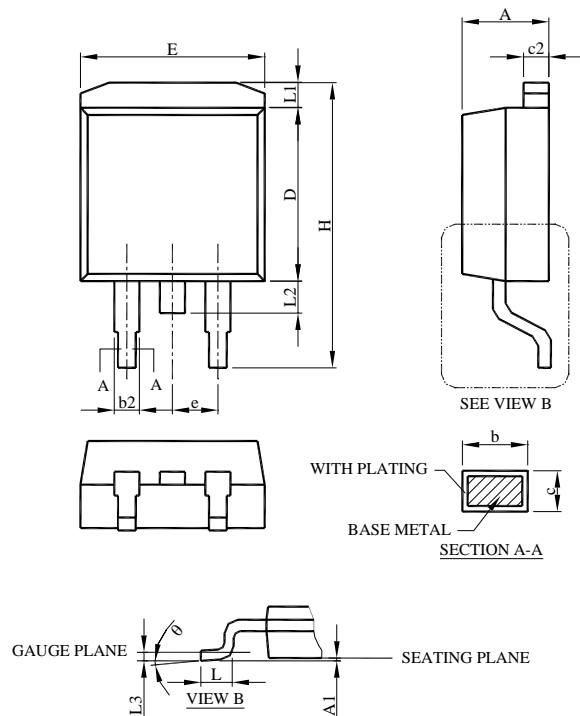
Note:

1. Refer to JEDEC TO-220AB.
2. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

● **SOT-223**


SYMBOL	SOT-223	
	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A		1.80
A1	0.02	0.10
A2	1.55	1.65
b	0.66	0.84
b2	2.90	3.10
c	0.23	0.33
D	6.30	6.70
E	6.70	7.30
E1	3.30	3.70
e	2.30 BSC	
e1	4.60 BSC	
L	0.90	
$\theta$	0°	8°

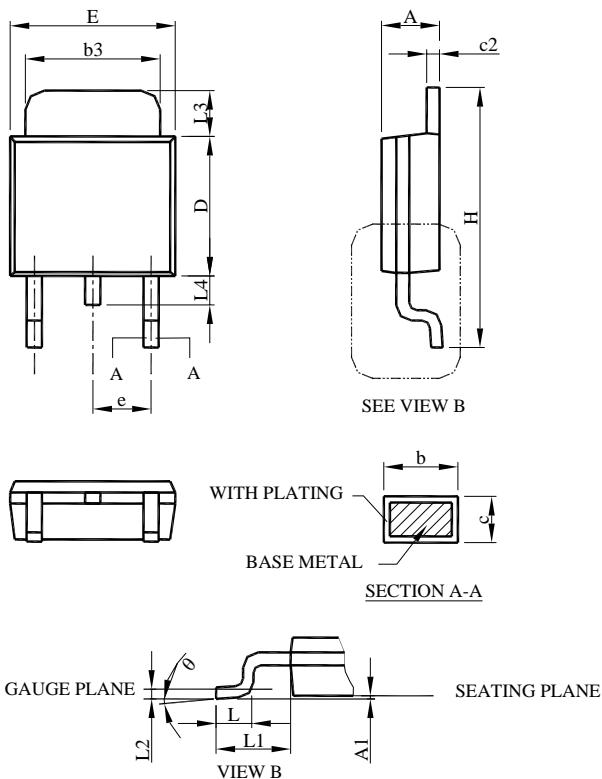
- Note:
- Refer to JEDEC TO-261AA.
  - Dimension D and E1 are determined at the outermost extremes of the plastic body exclusive of mold flash, tie bar burrs, gate burrs, and interlead flash, but including any mismatch between the top and bottom of the plastic body.
  - Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

● **TO-263**


SYMBOL	TO-263-3L	
	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A	4.06	4.83
A1	0.00	0.25
b	0.51	0.99
b2	1.14	1.78
c	0.38	0.74
c2	1.14	1.65
D	8.38	9.65
E	9.65	10.67
e	2.54 BSC	
H	14.61	15.88
L	1.78	2.79
L1	--	1.68
L2	--	1.78
L3	0.25 BSC	
θ	0°	8°

**Note:**

1. Refer to JEDEC TO-263AB.
2. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

● **TO-252**


S Y M B O L	TO-252-3L	
	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A	2.19	2.38
A1	0.00	0.13
b	0.64	0.89
b3	4.95	5.46
c	0.46	0.61
c2	0.46	0.89
D	5.33	6.22
E	6.35	6.73
e	2.28 BSC	
H	9.40	10.41
L	1.40	1.78
L1	2.67 REF	
L2	0.51 BSC	
L3	0.89	2.03
L4	--	1.02
θ	0°	8°

**Note:**

1. Refer to JEDEC TO-252AA and AB.
2. Dimension D and E do not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 6 mil per side.
3. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

**Note:**

Information provided by AIC is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, we cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in an AIC product; nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. We reserve the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice.

**Life Support Policy:** AIC does not authorize any AIC product for use in life support devices and/or systems. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (i) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (ii) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.