

1.2A Buck Converter for High Brightness LED Driver With LED Thermal Regulation

FEATURES

- 7V to 36V Input Voltage Range
- Up to 1.2A Output Current
- Adjustable Constant Output Current
- Up to 96% Efficiency
- User-Defined LED Thermal Control
- Supports External PWM Dimming and Analog Dimming
- LED Thermal Overload Protection
- Wide Range PWM Dimming Control (100:1)
- 40KHz Maximum Dimming Frequency
- Integrated Power MOSFET
- Internal Soft-Start Function
- · Built-in OCP, SCP and OTP
- Available in SOT23-6 and SOP-8 Exposed Pad Package

APPLICATIONS

- · High Brightness LED Lighting
- · Indicators and Signage Lighting
- · Automotive Lighting
- · LED Back up Lighting
- · Constant Current Source

DESCRIPTION

The AIC2517 buck constant-current high brightness LED driver, with an internal switch, provides a cost effective solution for driving single or multiple LEDs in series up to a total of 1.2A output current. Applications cover indicators and signage lighting, automotive lighting, LED lighting (such as MR16 and other LED illumination application) with input voltages ranging from 7V to 36V. Depending upon supply voltage and external components, it can provide up to 25W of output power. Various dimming method available on demand, includes DC dimming and PWM dimming for design flexibility to add customer specific features. An on-chip LED protection circuit also allows output current to be reduced above a predetermined temperature using an external thermistor at the TH pin.

The operation of AIC2517 is based on a hysteretic PFM control scheme resulting in the operation frequency varies with different load and input voltage. A hysteretic PFM control scheme ensures excellent input-supply rejection and fast response during load transients and PWM dimming. It is allowing for small PCB size, competitive cost/ performance, high power conversion efficiency and maximum LED brightness/reliability.

The AlC2517 operates over -40°C to +85°C automotive temperature range and is available in SOT23-6 and SOP-8 exposed pad package.

www.analog.com.tw

TEL: 886-3-5772500

1

FAX: 886-3-5772510

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

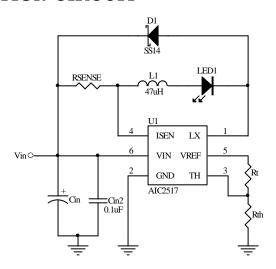
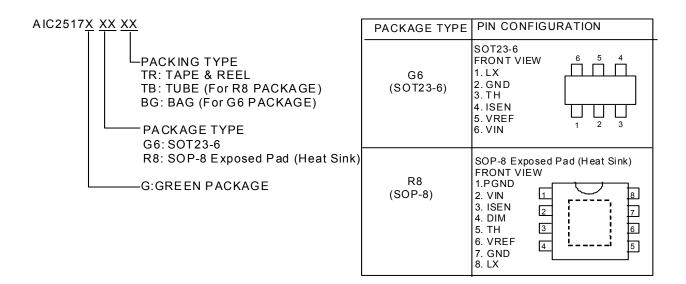


Fig. 1 AIC2517 Typical Application Circuit



ORDERING INFORMATION



Example: AIC2517-GG6TR

→ In SOT23-6 Green Package and Taping & Reel Packing Type

AIC2517-GR8TR

→ In SOP-8 Green Package and Taping & Reel Packing Type



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (VIN)		_40V
ISEN Voltage		'VIN+0.3V' to 'VIN-5V'
DIM Pin Input Voltage		-0.3V to 5V
Operating Temperature Range		
Storage Temperature Range		-65°C ~ 150°C
Junction Temperature		150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10sec.)		260°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	SOT23-6	115°C /W
	SOP-8 Exposed Pad*	15°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	SOT23-6	250°C /W
(Assume no ambient airflow, no heatsink)	SOP-8 Exposed Pad*	60°C/W

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

^{*}The package is placed on a two layers PCB with 2 ounces copper and 2 square inch, connected by 8 vias.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{IN}=12V, L=47uH, 1*LED, LED Current=330mA, T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified) (Note1)

PARAM	METER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{IN} Operati	ng Voltage	V _{IN} Pin Voltage	V _{IN}	7		36	V
Quiescent Cu Output Switch		DIM pin floating, f=250KHz	I _{Qon}		0.5	1	mA
Quiescent Cu Output Off	urrent with	V _{DIM} < 0.2V	I _{Qoff}		35	45	μА
Mean Curren threshold vol		Measured on ISEN pin with respect to $V_{\text{IN.}}$ L=47 μ H, I_{OUT} =330mA	V_{sen}	95	100	105	mV
Sense thresho	old hysteresis				±15		%
Output Cur	rent Range	V _{IN} =12V	I _{OUT}	150		1200	mA
Effici	ency	V_{IN} = 12V, V_{OUT} = 7.2V I_{OUT} = 330mA, L=47 μ H			93		%
Switch ON resistance		N-MOSFET (PVDD2 = 5V)	R _{DS(ON)}		0.5		Ω
Switch Leakage Current					1	5	μΑ
Operating	Frequency	DIM floating, L=47μH, I _{OUT} = 330mA	f_{SW}		600		kHz
Minimum swi	tch On-Time		T _{ONmin}		180		nS
Minimum swi	tch Off-Time		T _{Offmin}		280		nS
VREF Outp	out Voltage		V_{REF}	2.46	2.5	2.54	V
VREF Outp	out Current		I _{REF}			250	μΑ
Recommende range of out f _{sw_}			D _{SW}	30		70	%
UNDER VOLT	AGE LOCK C	UT					
Under Veltee	a Throchold	V _{IN} rising			6		V
Under Voltage Threshold		V _{IN} falling			5.5		V
DIM Input							
Maximum DII	M Frequency		f _{DIM}			40	KHz
DIM Input Level	Logic High		V _{DIM_H}	1.3			V
	Analog DIM		V _{DIM_DC}	0.4		1.25	V
	Logic Low		V_{DIM_L}			0.2	V
DIM Low Shutdown Delay					16		ms
DIM Pull U	Jp Current				3.7		μΑ



■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Thermal Protection						
Thermal Shutdown Threshold				150		°C
Thermal shutdown Hysteresis				30		°C
LED Thermal Protection Parameters						
Thermal Regulation Input	Rt=10K Ω , Rth=1.91K Ω ,	V_{TH_H}		0.4		V
Level	Rt=10K Ω , Rth=1.265K Ω ,	V _{TH_L}		0.28		V

Note1: Specifications are production tested at T_A =25°C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC).



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

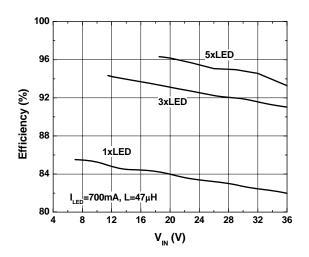


Fig. 2 Efficiency vs. Input Voltage

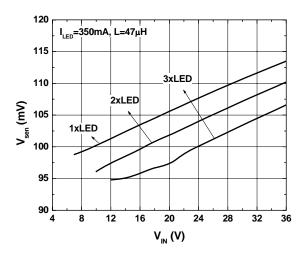


Fig. 4 V_{SENSE} vs. Input Voltage

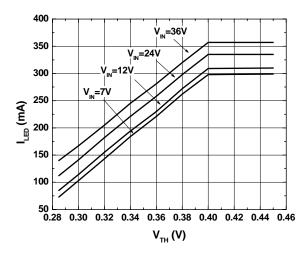


Fig. 6 Thermal Regulation

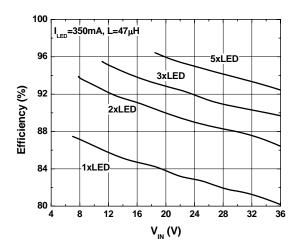


Fig. 3 Efficiency vs. Input Voltage

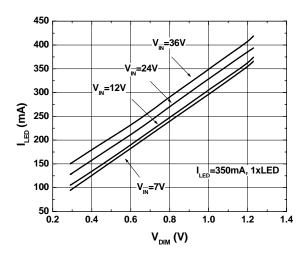


Fig. 5 LED current vs. DIM pin Voltage

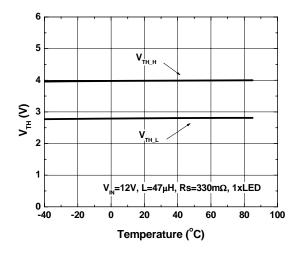
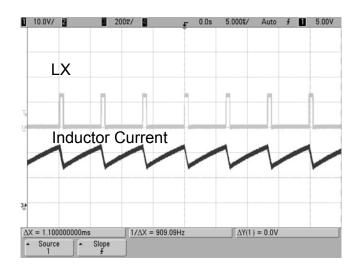


Fig. 7 Thermal Regulation Threshold vs. Temperature



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)



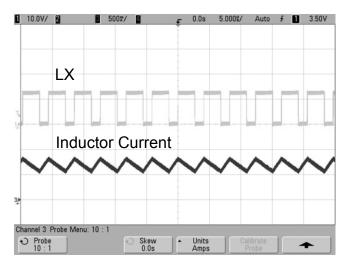
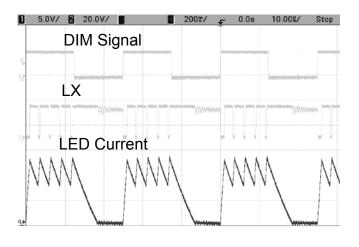


Fig. 8 Switch waveform at V_{IN} =12V, I_{LED} =350mA, 3xLED

Fig. 9 Switch waveform at V_{IN} =12V, I_{LED} =700mA, 1xLED



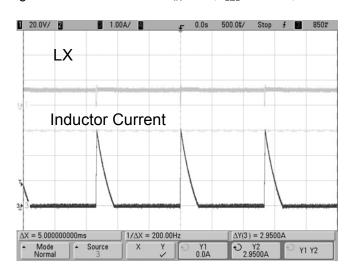
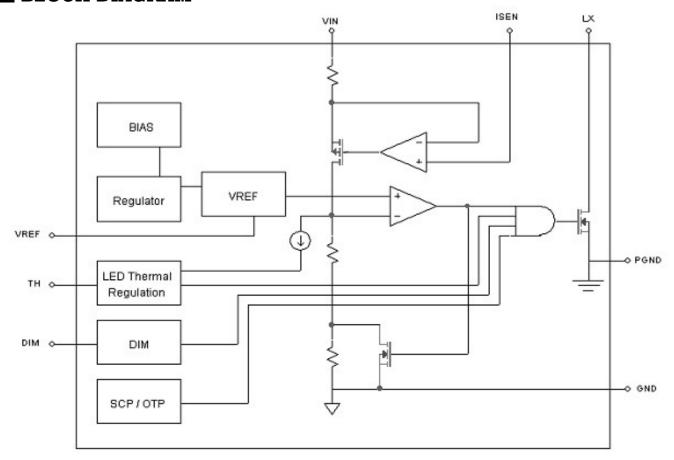


Fig. 10 PWM Dimming at V_{IN} =24V, Duty=50%, f_{PWM} =40kHz

Fig. 11 Short Circuit at V_{IN}=12V



BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

LX Power Switching Connection. Connect LX pin to inductor and output rectifier.

DIM (8 Pin) Dimming and Shutdown pin. For automatic startup, leave DIM pin unconnected.

GND Ground pin for IC. All voltage levels are measured with respect to this pin.

ISEN Current setting pin. Connect resistor R_{SENSE} from this pin to VIN pin to define nominal

average output current.

VIN Power supply input pin. A suitable input bypass capacitor must be present at this pin to

minimize voltage transients and to supply the switching currents needed by the

converter.

TH (6 Pin and 8 Pin)

Temperature sense input for LED thermal protection. Connect LED thermal sense

resistors to this pin to turnoff output current above a preset temperature threshold.

PGND (8 Pin) Power ground pin.

VREF (6 Pin and 8 Pin) Reference Voltage for Thermal protection.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

OPERATING FREQUENCY

$$f_S = \frac{1}{T_{on} + T_{off}}$$

Where f_s is operating frequency, T_{on} is LX on time, and T_{off} is LX off time.

The LX on time can be calculated by the below equation:

$$T_{on} = \frac{L\Delta I_L}{V_{IN} - V_{LED} - I_{LED} \left(R_S + R_L + R_{LX(ON)}\right)}$$

$$T_{on(min)} > 250ns$$

The LX off time can be calculated by the below equation:

$$T_{\text{off}} = \frac{L\Delta I_L}{V_{\text{LED}} + V_D + I_{\text{LED}} \left(R_S + R_L\right)}$$

$$T_{off(min)}$$
 >350ns

Where V_{IN} is the Input Voltage,

V_{LED} is the total LED forward voltage,

I_{LED} is the LED average current,

R_s is the current sense resistance,

R_L is the inductor resistance,

 $R_{LX(ON)}$ is the switch on resistance (0.5 Ω typ.),

L is the inductance.

 ΔI_L is the inductor peak-peak current (internally set to lavg×0.3), and

 $\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize D}}$ is the diode forward voltage at the LED average Current. The recommend operating frequency is not more than 1MHz.

LED THERMAL PROTECTION

The AIC2517 provides the LED thermal regulation circuit to prevent LED over temperature. When the LED temperature rises above a predefined threshold, the LED current will be reducing linearly from its nominal set value. The AIC2517 will continuously monitor the LED temperature by measuring the voltage on the TH pin. A negative temperature coefficient (NTC)

thermistor R_{th} and a fixed resistor R_{t} between VREF pin and ground typical develop this voltage, as shown in figure 12.

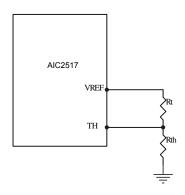


Fig. 12

By setting R_t =10K Ω and using a 103KT1608 thermistor, the voltage on the TH pin will reduce to 0.4V when the LED temperature reaches 70°C. The LED average current will be decreased linearly when V_{TH} is between 0.4V and 0.28V. If the LED temperature is over 90°C, the voltage on the TH pin will reduce to 0.28V and the LED will be turned off to decrease LED temperature. When the voltage on the TH pin rises to 0.3V, the LED will be turned on again. If the LED thermal regulation function isn't required, the TH pin should be connected to VREF pin to disable this function.

SETTING OUTPUT CURRENT

The output current of AIC2517 can be set by the external sense resistor R_{SENSE} . The relationship between I_{OUT} and R_{SENSE} is

R_{SENSE}=V_{SENSE}/I_{OUT}=0.1V/I_{OUT}

Where R_{SENSE} is the component value of the external sense resistor and V_{SENSE} is the voltage on the external sense resistor.

PWM DIMMING CONTROL

A wider dimming range can be achieved by applying a PWM control signal to the DIM pin to turn the device on



and off, giving an average output current proportional to the duty cycle of the PWM signal. The allowed maximum PWM dimming frequency is about 40 KHz.

ANALOG DIMMING CONTROL

The LEDs brightness can also be controlled by applying a variable DC voltage signal to the DIM pin. With this way, the LEDs operate with full 100% brightness while V_{DIM} is equal or larger than 1.25V. When analog dimming is required, the DC voltage range of V_{DIM} should be between 0.4V to 1.25V. If dimming control is not required, one could just leave DIM pin floating to turn on LEDs.

LED OPEN CIRCUIT PROTECTION

When any LED connected to AIC2517 is open-circuit, output current of AIC2517 will be turned off.

LED SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION

When any LED connected to AIC2517 is short-circuit, output current of AIC2517 will not change.

UVLO PROTECTION

When input voltage of AIC2517 is below 5.5V, output current of AIC2517 will be turned off. When input voltage of AIC2517 resumes to 6V, output current of AIC2517 will be turned on again.

SHUTDOWN CONTROL

Digital logic of DIM pin provides an electrical ON/OFF control of AIC2517. Connecting this pin to ground or to any less than 0.2V with more than 20ms will completely turn off AIC2517. In this state, the quiescent current is less than $35\mu A$ and the internal reference, error amplifier, comparators, and biasing circuitry turn off.

DIODE SELECTION

Schottky diodes, with their low forward voltage drop and fast reverse recovery, are the ideal choices for AIC2517 applications. The forward voltage drop of a Schottky diode represents the conduction losses in the diode, while the diode capacitance (CT or CD) represents the switching losses. For diode selection, both forward voltage drop and diode capacitance need to be considered. Schottky diodes with higher current ratings usually have lower forward voltage drop and larger diode capacitance, which can cause significant switching losses. A Schottky diode with 2A current rating is sufficient for most AIC2517 applications.

INPUT CAPACITOR SELECTION

The small size of ceramic capacitors makes them ideal for AIC2517 applications. When selecting an input capacitor, a low ESR capacitor is required to keep the noise at the IC to a minimum. It may be necessary in some designs to add a small valued ceramic type capacitor in parallel with the input capacitor to prevent any ring.

INDUCTOR SELECTION

Recommended the inductor values for the AIC2517 are in the range $22\mu H$ to $68\mu H$. Although small size and high efficiency are major concerns, the inductor should have low core losses and low DCR (copper wire resistance).

Layout Consideration

In order to ensure a proper operation of AIC2517, the following points should be managed comprehensively.

- The input capacitor and VIN pin should be placed as close as possible to each other to reduce the input voltage ripple and noise.
- The output loop, which is consisted of the inductor, the internal power switch, the Schottky diode, the output capacitor and the LEDs, should be kept as small as possible.
- 3. The routes with large current should be kept short and wide.
- 4. Logically the large current on the converter should



flow at the same direction.

- In order to prevent the effect from noise, the IC's GND pin should be placed close to the ground of the input bypass capacitor.
- The ISEN pin and VIN pin should be connected to the sense resistor directly and the route should be away from the noise sources.
- 7. The VREF pin and TH pin should be connected to the LED thermal sense resistors directly and the route should be away from the noise sources.



APPLICATION CIRCUIT

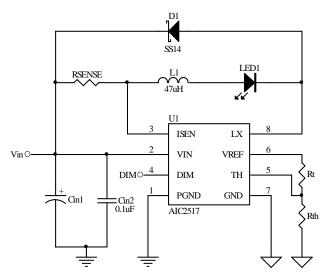
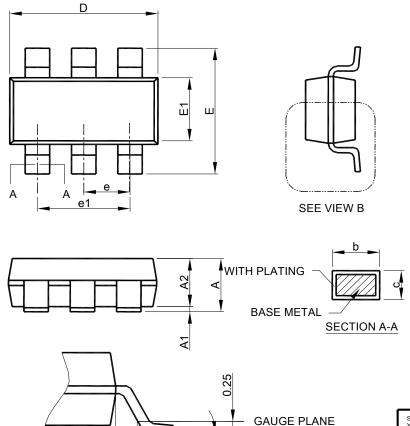


Fig.13 AIC2517 with Dimming Control and LED Thermal Protection Application Circuit



■ PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (unit: mm)

● SOT23-6



SEATING PLANE

Note: 1. Refer to JEDEC MO-178AB.

- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 10 mil per side.
- 3. Dimension "E1" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.
- 4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

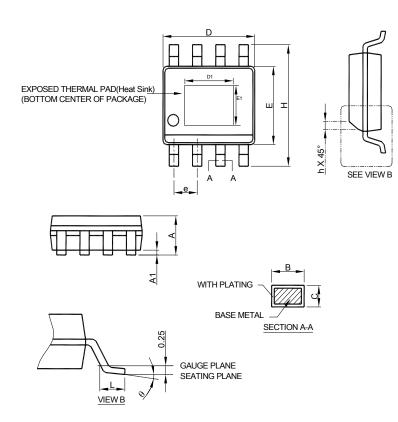
VIEW B

S	SOT-23-6			
S Y M B O L	MILLIMETERS			
O L	MIN.	MAX.		
Α	0.95	1.45		
A1	0.05	0.15		
A2	0.90	1.30		
b	0.30	0.50		
С	0.08	0.22		
D	2.80	3.00		
Е	2.60	3.00		
E1	1.50	1.70		
е	0.95 BSC			
e1	1.90 BSC			
L	0.30	0.60		
L1	0.42 REF			
θ	0°	8°		



PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (Continued) (unit: mm)

SOP-8 Exposed Pad (Heat Sink)



- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 6 mil per side.
- 3. Dimension "E" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.
- 4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

S Y	SOP-8 Exposed Pad(Heat Sink)			
S Y M B O L	MILLIMETERS			
O L	MIN.	MAX.		
Α	1.35	1.75		
A1	0.00	0.15		
В	0.31	0.51		
С	0.17	0.25		
D	4.80	5.00		
Е	3.80	4.00		
е	1.27 BSC			
Н	5.80	6.20		
h	0.25	0.50		
L	0.40	1.27		
q	0°	8°		
D1	1.5	3.5		
E1	1.0	2.55		

Note:

Information provided by AIC is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, we cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in an AIC product; nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. We reserve the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice.

Life Support Policy: AIC does not authorize any AIC product for use in life support devices and/or systems. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (I) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (ii) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user